

# HINT Report

## Weekly Disease Surveillance Report

KEY INDICATORS<sup>1,2</sup> | MMWR WEEK 33<sup>3,4</sup> | 8/16/15 TO 8/22/15

### Syndromic Indicators

Neurological syndromes represented the largest number of cases for the week

- Cases peaked on Monday, August 17<sup>th</sup>, 2015
- Cases decreased by 0.45% compared to last week (↓)
- Cases increased by 17.83% compared to last year<sup>5</sup> (↑)
- Overall cases have been trending downward (↓1 week)

Gastrointestinal syndromes represented the second largest number of cases for the week

- Cases peaked on Wednesday, August 19<sup>th</sup>, 2015
- Cases increased by 6.41% compared to last week (↑)
- Cases increased by 15.16% compared to last year (↑)
- Overall cases have been trending upward (↑1 week)

Botulinic syndromes represented the largest percentage weekly decrease among all syndromes reported at 5.68%

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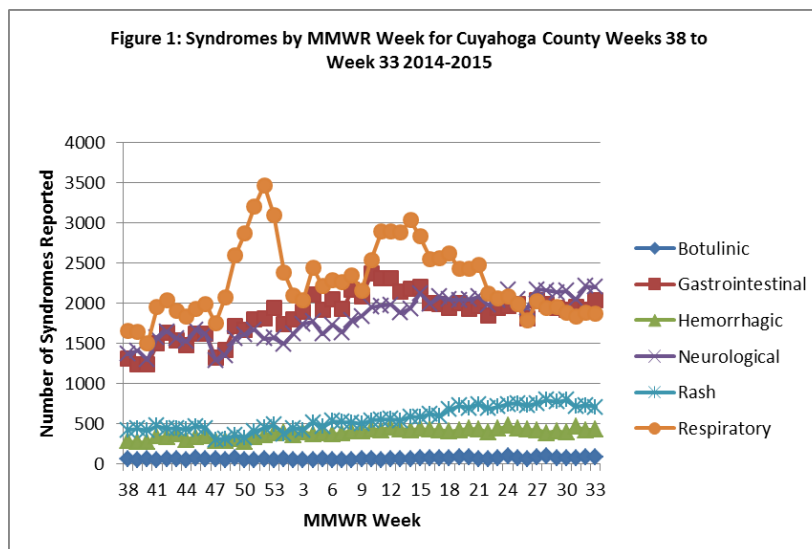
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Disease Surveillance Report for  
MMWR Week 33

Figure 1: Syndromes by MMWR Week for Cuyahoga County Weeks 38 to Week 33 2014-2015



### Infectious Disease Symptoms Indicators

Fever symptoms represented the largest number of cases for the week

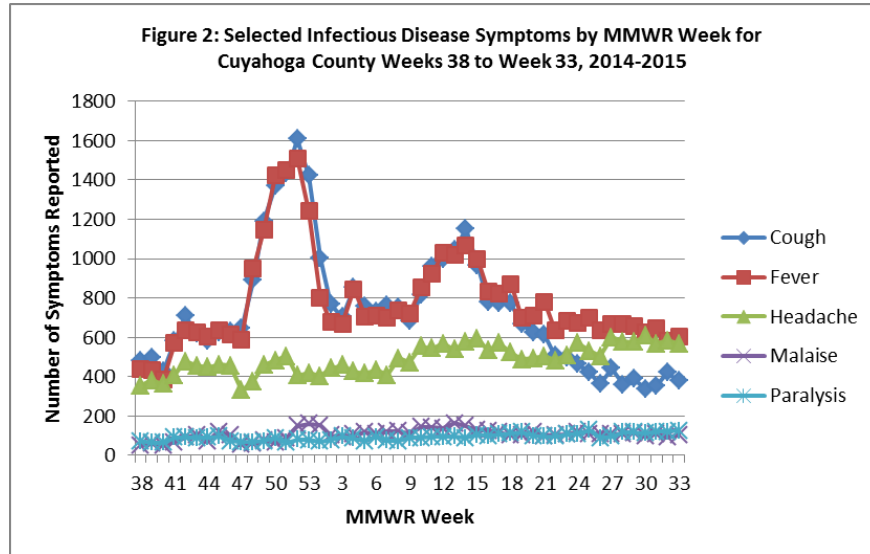
- Cases peaked on Sunday, August 16<sup>th</sup>, 2015
- Cases increased by 3.61% compared to last week (↑)
- Cases increased by 20.84% compared to last year (↑)
- Overall cases have been trending upward (↑1 week)

Headache symptoms represented the second largest number of cases for the week

- Cases peaked on Thursday, August 20<sup>th</sup>, 2015
- Cases decreased by 2.40% compared to last week (↓)
- Cases increased by 12.67% compared to last year (↑)
- Overall cases have been trending downward (↓1 week)

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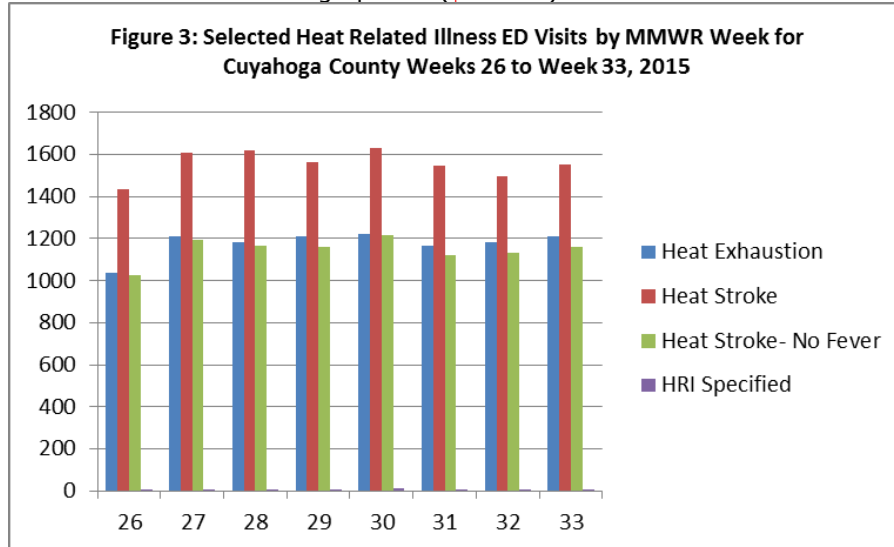
Cough symptoms represented the largest weekly decrease among all symptoms reported at 9.74%



## Heat Related Illness Indicators

Heat Stroke represented the largest number of cases for the week:

- Cases peaked on Wednesday, August 19<sup>th</sup>, 2015
- Cases increased by 3.75% compared to last week (↑)
- Cases increased by 19.69% compared to last year (↑)
- Overall cases have been trending upward (↑1 week)



<sup>1</sup>Source: Ohio EpiCenter and the Ohio Disease Reporting System (ODRS)

<sup>2</sup>Key indicators are select illness classifications among Cuyahoga County residents who visited the hospital. The data are reported in real-time. Residents can be classified into more than one illness classification. Data has been conditioned for day-of-week effect.

<sup>3</sup>MMWR Week Fact Sheet: [http://www.cdc.gov/nndss/document/MMWR\\_Week\\_overview.pdf](http://www.cdc.gov/nndss/document/MMWR_Week_overview.pdf)

<sup>4</sup>2014 and 2015 MMWR Weeks: <http://www.clevelandhealth.org/Health/CommunicableDisease/Statistics.html> <sup>5</sup>

Comparison based upon 2014-2015 MMWR Week 33 and EpiCenter data from September 2014 through August 2015

<sup>6</sup>Source: Real-time Outbreak and Disease Surveillance (RODS)