



CITY OF CLEVELAND

Mayor Justin M. Bibb

PUBLIC HEALTH

# Respiratory Report

Week 3: January 18 – January 24, 2026

The Respiratory Report summarizes influenza, COVID-19, and Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) activity in the City of Cleveland during each week of respiratory illness season. Respiratory illness season starts at the beginning of October (MMWR Week 40\*) and lasts until mid-May the following year (MMWR Week 20).

## Week 3 Summary

- Local wastewater data shows a high and increasing level of influenza 2 of the three water treatment facilities in Cleveland. COVID levels are categorized as high or moderate.
- Emergency department (ED) visits for upper respiratory illness decreased by 4% this week. 51% of these visits were for children age 9 and younger.
- There were 25 hospitalizations for influenza, 20 for COVID, and 6 for RSV reported this week.

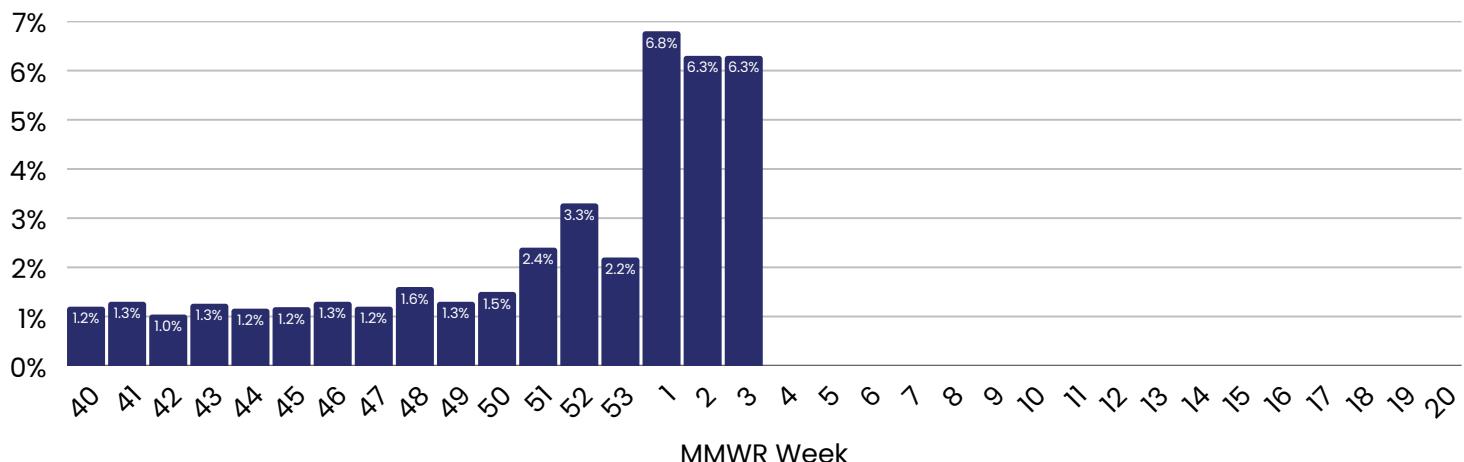
1  
death linked to upper respiratory illness this season

Metric	Count This Week (% of total ED visits)	Compared to Last Week	Season Total (% of total)
ED Visits for ILI Symptoms with Fever	312 (6.3%)	-13 (4% decrease)	2,107 (2.6%)
Influenza Hospitalizations	25	-8	424
COVID Hospitalizations	20	-3	168
RSV Hospitalizations	6	-2	28

\*An MMWR week is the CDC's standard weekly calendar for tracking health data. Each week runs Sunday to Saturday. Each year, Week 1 is the first week of the year that has at least four days in the calendar year. 2025 contains 53 MMWR weeks. Data extracted on 1/29/2026. Data are preliminary and subject to change.

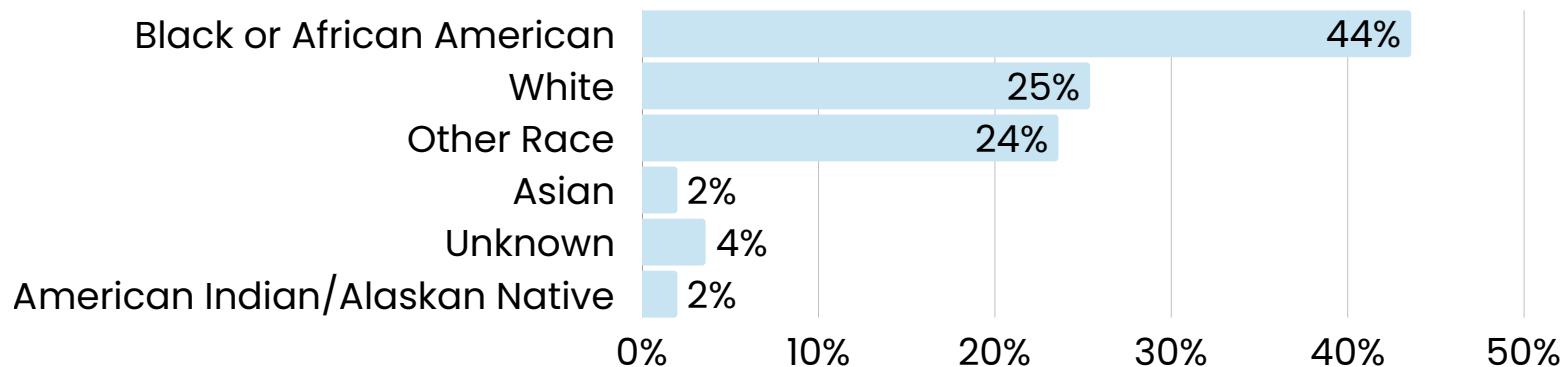
# Emergency Department (ED) Visits

Percentage of ED visits for upper respiratory illness symptoms by MMWR Week, 2025-2026

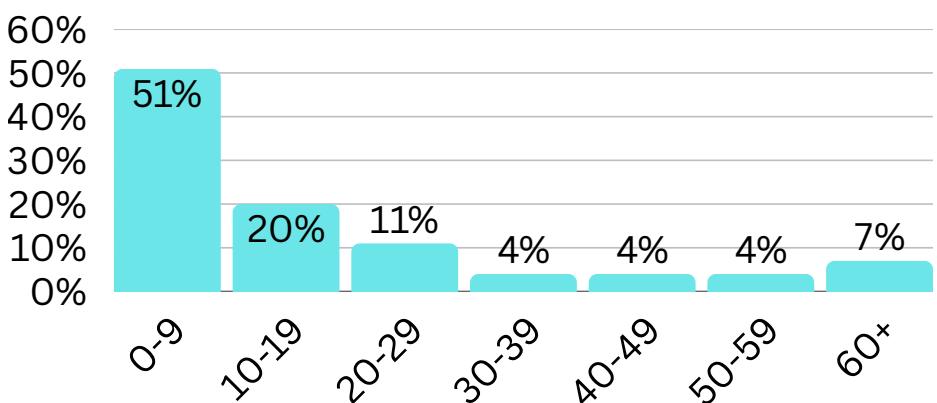
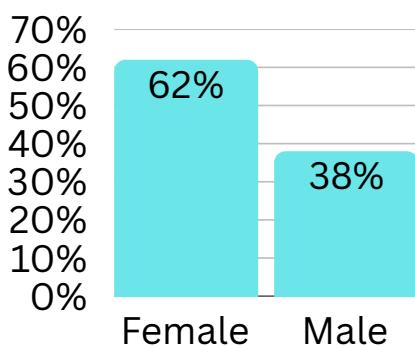


Source: Health Monitoring Systems: EpiCenter 3.5.18. Data extracted on 1/29/2026.

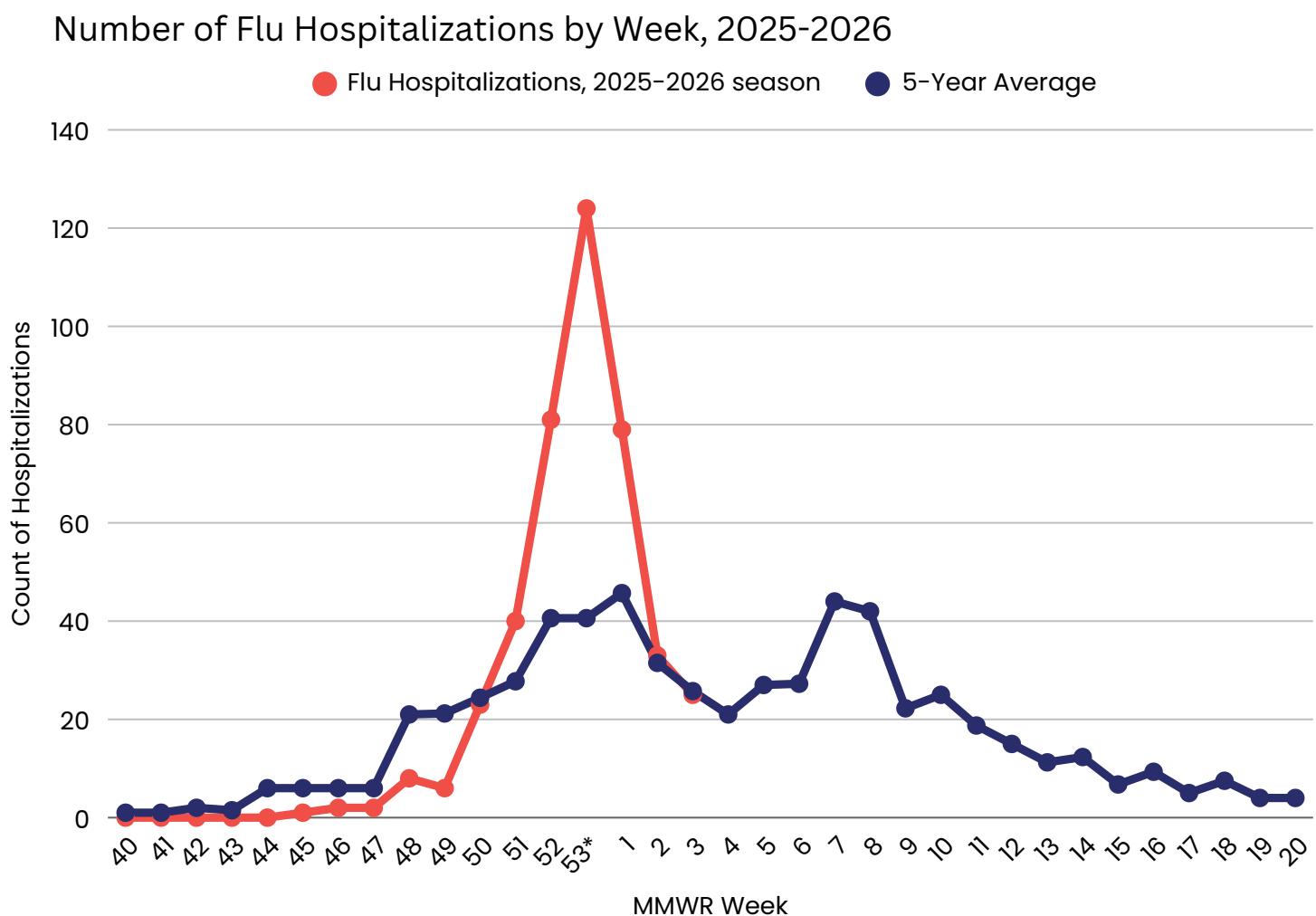
## ED visits for upper respiratory illness symptoms by demographic, Week 3



22% are Hispanic or Latino



# Hospitalizations



There were 25 influenza-associated hospitalizations (IAH) this reporting week, bringing the total for the season to 420 since the beginning of October. Flu hospitalizations decreased this reporting week, but flu activity remains high. This week's number of hospitalizations is on par with the 5-year average.

Influenza A (H3N2) is the predominant strain circulating this season. The median age for flu-associated hospitalization this week is 70 years old, with a range of 8 to 92 years old.

5-year averages for RSV and COVID hospitalizations are not available since these conditions just became reportable this year.

\*A 53<sup>rd</sup> MMWR week occurs periodically to maintain alignment between the MMWR week system and the calendar year. Only one of the prior five seasons included MMWR week 53, during which no hospitalizations were reported. As a result, the comparison value for week 53 is equal to the 5-season average of the final surveillance week.